

A Quick Reference Guide to Exporting Data to Excel

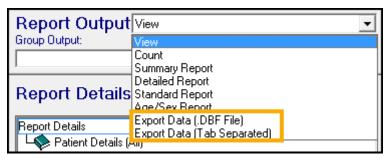
There are two options in **Report Output** for exporting data:

- Export Data (DBF File)
- Export Data (Tab Separated)

Note - To see free text comments of any entry in Vision 3 on an extracted file, you must select Export Data (Tab Separated).

To export data to Excel:

1. From **Report Output**, select one of the **Export Data** options:



See the <u>Search and Reports Help Centre</u> for details on how to run a report if required.

2. Select **Run** to generate the search and the **Browse for Folder** screen displays:







- The Save to screen displays, select the directory to save the extract to.
 This defaults to either C:\extract (practice server) or
 P:\extract\YourName (hosted server).
- 4. Select **OK** to proceed.
- 5. If you have previously exported a search, a warning displays 'XXXXXX database exists, it will be overwritten, continue', select **Yes** to proceed. Each export creates a patient file:
 - Tab Separated patient.txt
 - DBF patient.dbf, patient.cdx and patient.fpt.

Additional files are created for each entity, for example, a medication search generates file(s) with the name therapy.XXX.

Importing a TXT File into Excel

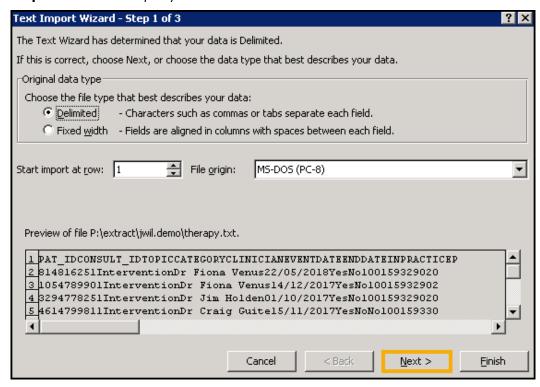
The following is an example of how to import a THERAPY.TXT into Excel following the export of a Medication search as an **Export Data (Tab Separated)** file:

- 1. Open Microsoft Excel, and select File Open.
- Browse to the location the files are extracted too, for example,
 C:\extract (practices with their own server) or P:\extract\YourName (hosted practices).
- 3. Change the file type on the bottom right, to **All Files** and the list refreshes and now displays .TXT and .DBF files:

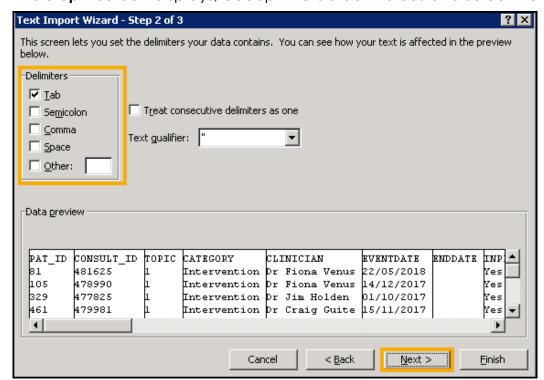




4. Select the file, in this example, THERAPY.TXT, select **Open** and the **Text Import Wizard** displays:

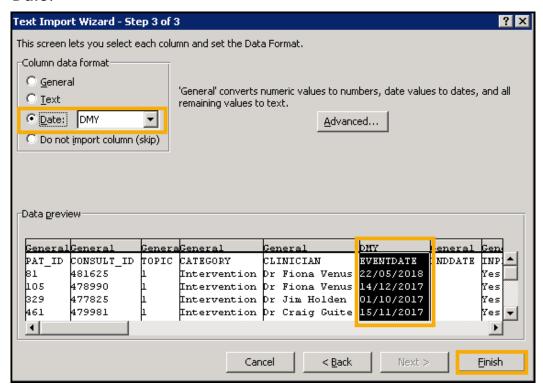


- Check that Original data type is set to Delimited and then select Next to proceed.
- 6. The Step 2 screen displays, accept the default values and select Next:

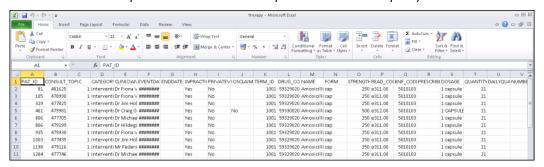




7. The **Step 3** screen displays, this allows you to select any columns containing a date and set the data format to **Date**. To do this, find and highlight the **Event Date** column and then set the **Column data format** to **Date**:



8. Select Finish to proceed and the spreadsheet displays:



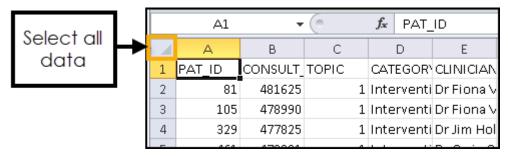


Creating a Pivot Table in Excel

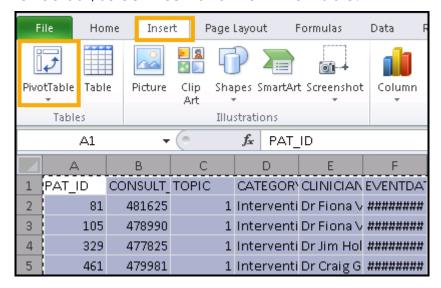
A powerful feature of Excel is pivot tables, these allow you to quickly look at a summary of data, the example below looks at Antibiotic prescribing by GP, and is based on a search by drug class, for example, Penicillin prescribed in the last month.

Note – Ensure the report is already generated, and the THERAPY.TXT file is imported into Excel.

- Open the THERAPY.TXT file, see Excel Import TXT File on page 2 if required.
- 2. Select the top left corner of the spreadsheet to highlight all the data:

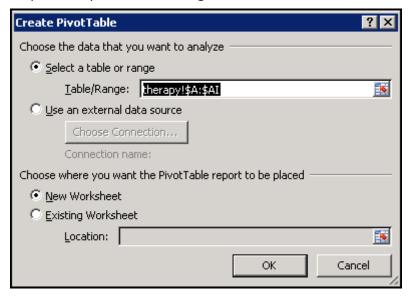


3. From the Toolbar, select Insert and then Pivot Table:

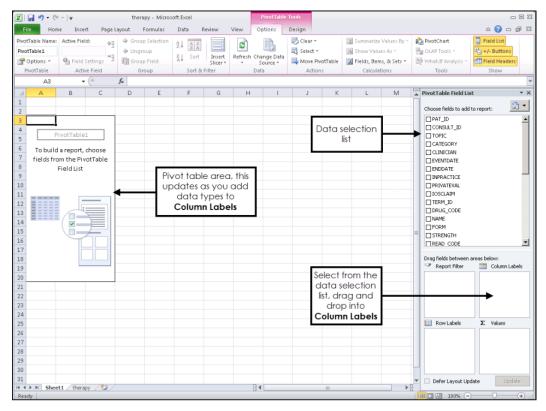




4. The **Create Pivot Table** screen displays. The input range populates automatically, and you can choose to place the pivot table into a new worksheet (default) or the existing one:



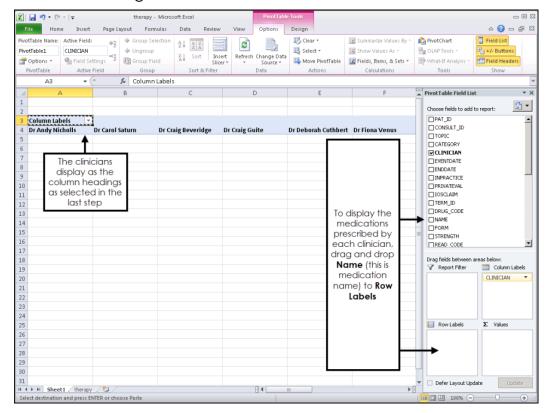
- 5. Select **OK** to proceed
- 6. The Pivot Table options displays. On the right the Pivot Table Field List includes all the column headings from your spreadsheet. The Pivot Table area on the left updates, as you add and remove data types. In this example, we want to look at prescribing by clinicians, drag Clinician into the Column Labels box:



The **Clinicians** now display along the top of the page as **Column Headings**.



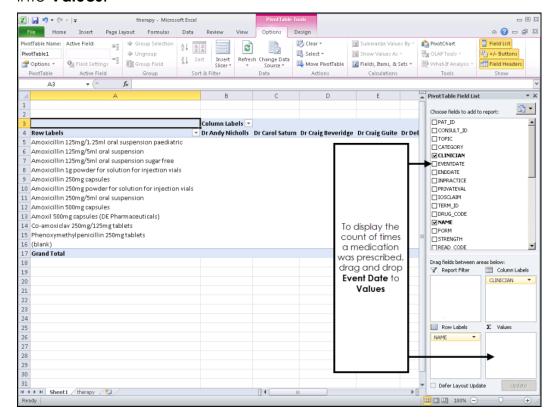
7. Next, in this example, we want to display the drugs prescribed by each clinician. Select **Name** from the **Pivot Table Field List**, this is the Drug Name, and drag it into the **Row Labels**:



The view automatically refreshes and the medication names display as rows.



8. Next, to display a count of each time the clinician prescribed the drug, select Event Date from the Pivot Table Field List, this counts the number of dates that each clinician prescribed each medication, and drag it into Values:



The view automatically refreshes and the count displays.



- 9. Optionally you can:
 - Apply a Filter to the Clinicians Select Column Labels drop down and remove the tick from, for example, Federated Locum and Blank.
 - Insert a Graph From the Toolbar, select Insert and then the chart type required, for example, Column and then choose the type, for example, 2-D Column:

